**Brief on India- Mali Relations**

**General:** Republic of Mali achieved its independence from France on 22 September 1960. It is a proclaimed secular state. A landlocked country, Mali is located in West Africa in the southern sub-Saharan region. Almost 60 percent of the country is desert (north-eastern part). The estimated population is 16-18 million; overwhelmingly Sunni Muslims (around 95%). Most of the high density population centers are located in the south which is blessed with two perennially flowing rivers Niger, the lifeline of the country, and the Senegal in the west. Mali is the 8th largest country in Africa and 24th in the world. The lingua franca is Bambara (with around 80% speakers). The currency is Communaute Financiere Africaine Franc (CFA Franc or FCFA). One US$ is equivalent to roughly between FCFA 550-590. French is the official language. The capital city is Bamako.

**The Leadership:**

President: H.E. Mr. Ibrahim Boubacar Keïta (since 4 Sep 2013)
Prime Minister: H.E. Mr. Soumeylou Boubeye Maiga (since 30 Dec 2017)
Minister for Foreign Affairs: H.E. Mr. Tiebile Drame (since 5 May 2019)

**Main Foreign Policy Priorities for the Country:**

- Strengthening of good neighborly relations, bilateral relations with non-border African countries and promotion of world peace.
- Promotion of economic integration of the sub-region, unity and development of Africa.
- Contribution towards the economic and social development of Mali.
- More effective and coordinated management towards better and effective representation of Malians at International fora.

**Political Relations:**

India and Mali have traditionally maintained friendly relations and have no geopolitical conflicts. The Government of India established its Embassy in Bamako in May 2009. Mali followed soon by opening its Embassy in New Delhi in August 2009. During the political and security crisis in Mali and consequent upon a military coup in March 2012, India strongly supported efforts for restoration of constitutional order in Mali and preservation of its territorial integrity. India also contributed US$ 1 million for strengthening of Malian forces at the Donors Conference held in Addis Ababa. After the restoration of democratic order since September 2013, Government of India, while welcoming the development, reiterated its willingness to further strengthening its development cooperation partnership with Mali. India has consistently opposed colonialism and liberally
extended developmental assistance under various schemes to Mali over the years. Mali too has been supportive of India’s line on various international issues. The Government of Mali acknowledges India’s contribution and looks forward to further strengthening its relationship with India. Both the countries recognise terrorism as a grave threat to peace and prosperity and agree to cooperation at bilateral, regional and multi-lateral level to combat this menace.

**Bilateral Agreements between India and Mali:**

- Protocol on Foreign Office Consultations (2009)
- MOU on Cooperation in Geology and Mineral Resources (2012)
- Cultural Exchange Programme (September 2016)
- MOU on Standards between the Bureau of Indian Standards and Direction Nationale De Industries, Mali (September 2016)

**Bilateral Visits:**

1. The President of the Republic of Mali, accompanied by a high level delegation, attended the founding Conference of International Solar Alliance held in New Delhi in March 2018. In October 2015, the President of Mali, accompanied by a high level delegation, including several Ministers and high level officials, attended the 3rd India-Africa Forum Summit (IAFS-III) in New Delhi at the invitation of the Indian Prime Minister. The First Lady of Mali had earlier visited India in August 2015 to attend the Global ‘Call to Action Summit 2015’. She also briefly met the Prime Minister during that visit.

2. Hon’ble Vice President of India (HVPI), Shri Hamid Ansari, accompanied by Shri Arjun Meghwal, Minister of State for Finance and Corporate Affairs and three Members of Parliament, paid the first high level visit from India to Mali on 29 – 30 September 2016. During the visit, HVPI called on President of Mali, had restricted and delegation level meetings with the Prime Minister of Mali, addressed the National Assembly and interacted with the Indian community in Bamako.

3. Minister of State for External Affairs (MoS), Mr. M.J.Akbar visited Mali on a bilateral official visit from March 2-3, 2017 and, along with the Foreign Minister of Mali (FM), Mr. Abdoulaye Diop, co-chaired the first ever Joint Commission Meeting between the two countries.

**Lines of Credit / Grant / Projects:** India has so far extended 7 Lines of Credit (LoCs) worth US$ 303.6 million to Mali. Work on a major power transmission project from the city of Sikasso to Bamako via Bougouni (for which India has extended LoC of US $ 150 million) is expected to start shortly.
During ISA Founding Conference held in New Delhi in March 2018, three solar projects were selected for financing under LOC - two on bilateral basis and one through ECOWAS Bank for Investment and Development (EBID). One solar project of US$22 million to set up a sustainable village and use of solar photovoltaic technology for irrigation of 2500 hectares of agricultural land have been approved by Government of India.

**Offer of Food Processing Business Incubation Centre**: India has offered to establish a Food Processing Business Incubation Centre in Mali, under the 2nd India-Africa Forum Summit (IAFS-II), at an estimated cost of Rs 1.46 Crore.

**Training Assistance**:

Sixty slots were allotted to Mali under the Indian Technical and Economic Cooperation Programme (ITEC) during the year 2018-19. For the year 2018-19 also, equal number of slots have been offered for the citizens of the Rep of Mali.

Two Malian military officers had participated in the training programme conducted by the Centre for UN Peacekeeping in Delhi in 2012. Under ITEC Programme, about 15 defence personnel from Mali received training in India.

Under ICCR-Africa Scholarship Scheme, 8 slots have been offered to Mali during 2018-19.

**Other Scholarships**:

- Under various initiatives of the India-Africa Forum Summits.
- Agricultural scholarships administered through the African Union.
- C. V. Raman Fellowship Scheme: 8 slots offered to Mali, 2 have already been availed.
- Two Malian military officers have participated in the training programme conducted by the Centre for UN Peacekeeping in Delhi.

**Pan-African e-Network Project**: The Pan-African e-Network Project, set up by Telecommunications Consultants India Limited (TCIL), was operational in Bamako. The project remains underutilized due to language problem etc. The next phase of programme in the form of e-Vidyabharati and e-Aarogyabharati (e-VBAB) Network Project has been offered to Mali which will provide free tele-education courses in various academic disciplines and free Continuing Medical Education to doctors/nurses/para-medical staff including free medical consultancy.

**Bilateral Trade**: Total bilateral trade was US$ 149 million in 2018-2019. Main items of export from India are pharmaceutical products, tractors, motor vehicles,
Main items of import into India are cotton, gold, gum and cashew nuts in shell. In monetary terms, the value of Indian exports to Mali was 0.04% of India’s total global export during 2016-17. Mali can make immense use of Indian expertise in sectors such as power, communications, IT, education, mining, agriculture, automobile and pharmaceuticals etc. It is amongst the poorest countries in the world, heavily reliant on external aid. Gold, livestock and agriculture account for almost 85% of Mali’s exports. Mali has a liberal and friendly investment and trade policy. For Indian investors, investment opportunities exist in the field of agriculture (cotton food processing, abattoirs and tanneries), automobiles (two-wheeler segment), mining and pharmaceuticals (generic drugs).

India has extended Duty Free Tariff Preference (DFTP) Scheme to Mali. While Indian importers are already availing the benefits of this dispensation, greater publicity and use of the facility is needed.

**Indian Investment/Indian Community/Malian Investment:** Indian commodities, pharmaceutical and light engineering products have a significant presence in Mali that otherwise has an abundance of Chinese / EU products. The number of Indians in Mali is estimated to be around 400. They are mainly in import retail business, mining, power, steel, cement, pharmaceuticals and agro industry sectors.

Mali has no known investment enterprise in India.

**Culture:** Both countries have a rich cultural heritage. A 2 member cultural delegation visited India during the 3rd India-Africa Forum Summit (IAFS-III) in October 2015 for a musical performance and received great appreciation.

In March 2017, India donated US$ 0.5 million for the reconstruction of the world heritage of Timbuktu which was announced by HVPI during his visit to Mali in September 2016.

An Exhibition hosting Timbuktu manuscripts “Taj Mahal meets Timbuktu” was held at National Museum, New Delhi from 14 May – 6 June 2018.

**UN / International Solar Alliance**
Mali has been supportive of India’s line on various international issues. Mali supported India’s candidature in the elections held in 2017 for International Court of Justice. Mali ratified the International Solar Alliance Framework Agreement on 2 October 2017.

Embassy of India, Bamako website: [https://www.embassyofindiabamako.gov.in/](https://www.embassyofindiabamako.gov.in/)
Embassy of India, Bamako Facebook page: [https://www.facebook.com/IndiaInMali/](https://www.facebook.com/IndiaInMali/)
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**September 25, 2019**